# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

PAIGE CARTER, Special Administrator of	)
the ESTATE OF KEVIN C. CARTER,	
Deceased,	

8:23cv485

Plaintiff,

VS.

**RULE 26(f) REPORT** 

SCOTT FRAKES, MICHELE WILHELM, DR. HARBANS DEOL, SHELBY BARRAGAN-LOPEZ, MICHAEL MCCANN, CHARICE TALLEY, JEFFEREY REED, DOUGLAS HEMINGER, MATT HECKMAN, FRANKLIN HOWARD, KIM MCGILL, and JOHN/JANE DOES 1-6, in their individual capacities,

Defendants.

The following attorneys conferred to prepare the Report of Parties' Planning Conference for the above-captioned case:

# Thomas J. Monaghan and Rodney C. Dahlquist, Jr., for Plaintiff Katharine L. Gatewood and Christopher Felts for Defendants

The parties discussed the case and jointly make the following report:1

### I. INITIAL MATTERS:

A.	Juriso apply	diction and Venue: As to the defendant(s) (mark all boxes that may).
		Jurisdiction is contested because

If the case alleges an action for forfeiture, complete only sections IV: Settlement; V. Consent to Final Resolution by a Magistrate Judge; and VI: Case Progression.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Counsel are advised to use caution in filing this report as well as other documents so there is no disclosure of information required by the E-Government Act of 2002 to be kept non-public, such as addresses, phone numbers, social security numbers, etc. If such identifiers are required to be disclosed to opposing parties, you may wish to file redactedd versions for the public court file and serve opposing parties with unredacted versions. See NECivR 5.3, available on the court's Website at <a href="https://www.ned.uscourts.gov">www.ned.uscourts.gov</a>.

		Venu	ue is contested because
	$\boxtimes$	Neith	ner jurisdiction nor venue are contested.
B.	<u>lmmı</u>	unity: /	As to the defendant(s) (mark all boxes that may apply).
	$\boxtimes$	An in	nmunity defense has been raised by a defendant.
			nmunity defense will be raised, such defense to be raised on or re Click here to enter a date
		No ir	nmunity defense has or will be raised in this case.
C.		•	diction or venue is being challenged, or a defense of immunity e raised, and:
		Not a	applicable.
			parties agree that discovery and case progression can begin to the jurisdiction, venue, and/or immunity issues are decided.
	$\boxtimes$	•	or all parties believe that case progression and discovery should ayed pending a ruling on those issues, and
			before any motion(s) to resolve jurisdiction, venue, and/or immunity issues can be filed, initial discovery limited to those issues will be necessary, and such discovery can be completed by: Click here to enter a date  Explain:
			a dispute exists as to whether and to what extent discovery is needed to resolve jurisdiction, venue, and/or immunity issues. A conference with the court is requested.
			motion(s) to resolve jurisdiction, venue, and/or immunity issues can be filed on or before <b>Click here to enter a date.</b> .

# II. CLAIMS AND DEFENSES:

Claims:2 Provide a brief statement of the alleged facts and a succinct Α. summary of the alleged federal or state theories of recovery, citing any relevant statutes which provide the basis for any statutory claims. You do not need to list the elements of each claim.

EIGHTH AMENDMENT PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C. § 1983; Plaintiff claims that Decedent Kevin C. Carter was under the supervision and custody of Defendants, who were obligated to take reasonable measures to guarantee Carter's safety and to protect him from violence at the hands of other inmates. Plaintiff claims that while under Defendant's supervision and custody, Defendants subjected Carter to a substantial risk of serious harm, resulting in his death. Specifically, Defendants failed to complete the necessary protocols for bunking Carter with a mentally disturbed inmate; failed to properly examine, diagnose, and assess Carter's risk of being assaulted and his fellow inmate's risk of assault; failure to consider Bol's significant mental health issues and/or mental competency when bunking him with Carter; failure to staff NSP with enough personnel to observe and counsel inmates; and failure to adequately train, monitor and supervise NSP staff to ensure proper protocol was followed.

Plaintiffs claim that Defendants had actual knowledge of each of these risks, but disregarded or acted with deliberate indifference to Carter's safety, and that by these failures, Defendants failed to act in good faith and without malice toward Carter's constitutional rights. Based on Defendants' acts and omissions, Carter suffered physical, mental and emotional injury, to include the loss of his life. The acts and omissions of Defendants in this case were so gross and culpable in nature that they constitute reckless indifference and wanton disregard for the law and for the lives and safety of others, including Carter.

As a result of Defendants' actions as alleged herein, Plaintiff has been required to retain the services of attorneys and is entitled to a reasonable amount for attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988 for those violations covered by the Civil Rights Act.

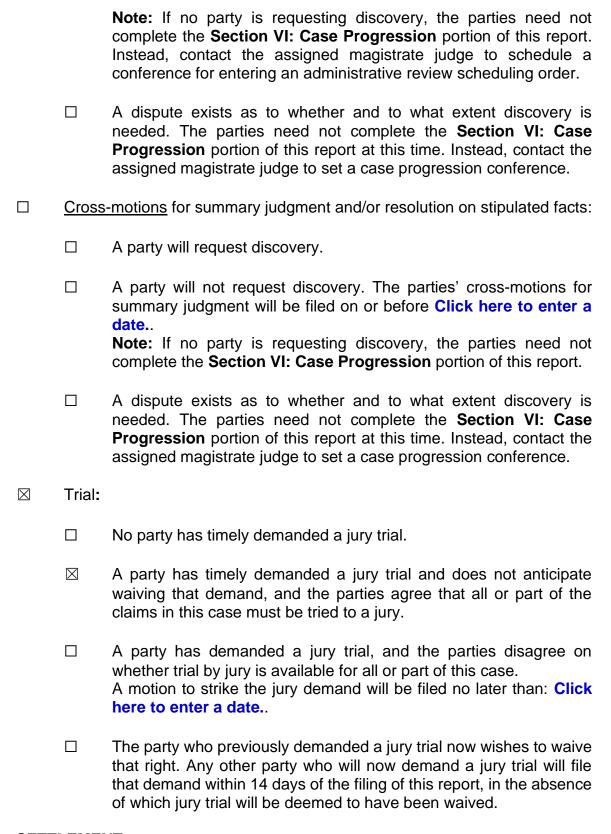
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The category "Claims" includes any claims raised by any party, including not only those raised by the party(s) who filed the lawsuit, but any crossclaims, counterclaims, or third-party claims raised in the operative pleadings.

- B. Defenses: List each alleged affirmative defense to the claims, and for any defenses based on a statute, cite the relevant statute.
  - 1. The Amended Complaint fails to state a plausible claim for which relief can be granted. Fed. R. Civ. P 12(b)(6)
  - 2. The Amended Complaint fails to the extent Plaintiff cannot establish proper legal standing to bring the action.
  - 3. The Amended Complaint is barred to the extent it seeks relief that contravenes Defendants' sovereign immunity or Eleventh Amendment
  - 4. Defendants are protected by or are otherwise immune from suit under the doctrine of qualified immunity.
  - 5. All conduct attributed to Defendants, to the extent it occurred, was done in good faith.
  - 6. Plaintiff failed to exhaust administrative remedies prior to filing suit in accordance with applicable state law or regulations.
  - 7. All conduct attributed to Defendants, to the extent it occurred, was not the proximate cause of Plaintiff's damages; rather, Plaintiff's damages were the cause of an intervening and superseding cause.
  - 8. At all relevant times, Defendants acted in good faith, without malice, and without the requisite state of mind necessary for the Plaintiff to establish liability for the violation of any federal right.
  - 9. Defendants did not act with deliberate indifference to the Plaintiff's health and safety.
  - 10. Defendants did not know of and disregard a serious risk of harm to the Plaintiff.
  - 11. Defendants did not engage in any conduct that caused Plaintiff to suffer a serious medical, dental, or mental health condition or aggravate or worsen an existing serious medical, dental, or mental health condition.
  - 12. Defendants have not fallen below the applicable standard of care in protecting to the Plaintiff.

III.		e will be resolved.	Please	indicate	below	how	the	parties	antici	pate
	<u>Admi</u>	nistrative record re	view:							
		A party will reque	st discov	ery.						

A party will not request discovery.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The category "Defenses" includes any defenses raised in any pleading filed in response to the operative complaint, any crossclaims, counterclaims, or third-party claims.



## IV. SETTLEMENT:

Couns	sel stat	e (mar	k all boxes that may apply):			
	To date, there have been no efforts taken to resolve this dispute.					
$\boxtimes$	Efforts have been taken to resolve this dispute					
		prior t	o filing this lawsuit. Explain:			
			iling this lawsuit, but before the filing of this report. in: Counsel for Plaintiff has submitted a demand letter to counsel for Defendants.			
Counsel have discussed the court's Mediation Plan and its posapplication in this case with their clients and opposing counsel, and:						
☐ It is agreed:			greed:			
			Mediation is appropriate at this time, and pending the outcome of those efforts,			
			□ case progression should be stayed.			
			□ case progression should not be stayed.			
			Mediation may be appropriate in the future. Please explain when you believe mediation may be useful:			
			Mediation will not be appropriate. Explain:			
			Counsel believe that with further efforts in the future, the case can be settled, and they will be prepared to discuss settlement, or again discuss settlement, by Click here to enter a date			
		At lea	st one party is not interested in exploring options for settling ase.			

# V. CONSENT TO FINAL RESOLUTION BY A MAGISTRATE JUDGE:

As explained more fully in the Civil Case Management Practices, in accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(c) and Fed. R. Civ. P. 73, the parties in this case may voluntarily consent to have a United States Magistrate Judge conduct all further proceedings in the case, including the trial, and order the entry of final judgment. The consent must be unanimous, and any appeal must be taken to the

VI.

do so Distric	later. A	Absent e or, if	conse	peals. If the parties do not presently consent, they may nt, the case will remain with the assigned United States eviously assigned to a District Judge, it will be randomly ge.		
	Judge	All parties hereby voluntarily consent to have the United States Magistrate ludge conduct all further proceedings in this case including the trial and entry of final judgment.				
$\boxtimes$	At lea	st one	party d	loes not currently consent.		
CASE	PROC	GRESS	SION:			
A.	Initial	manda	atory di	sclosures required by Rule 26(a)(1).		
		Have	been o	completed.		
	$\boxtimes$	Will b	e comp	pleted by December 4, 2024.		
В.	Motio	ns to a	mend t	he pleadings or to add parties.		
		A plaintiff does not anticipate a need to amend pleadings or add parties. Motions to amend pleadings or add parties will be filed by Plaintiff(s) on or before <b>Click here to enter a date.</b> .				
		partie	s. Moti	does not anticipate a need to amend pleadings or add ions to amend pleadings or add parties will be filed by s) on or before Click here to enter a date		
	If mor	e than	90 day	s are needed, explain why:		
C.	Disco	very.				
	1)	As to	written	discovery under Rules 33, 34, 36, and 45:		
		a.	interro	parties have discussed currently anticipated number of ogatories, document production requests, and requests lmissions. Based on those discussions:		
			$\boxtimes$	The parties do not anticipate any disputes over the number of discovery requests served.		
				The parties believe a dispute may arise over the number of (mark all boxes that may apply):		

			☐ Interrogatories.
			☐ Requests for Production.
			☐ Requests for Admission.
			If the parties anticipate a possible dispute over the number of written discovery requests, when completing <b>Section VII</b> below, indicate when a conference with the court may be useful to avert or resolve that dispute.
	b.	Writte	n discovery will be completed <sup>4</sup> by <b>April 1</b> , <b>2025</b> .
2)	As to	expert	disclosures as required under Rule 26(a)(2):
		The p	arties do not anticipate calling experts to testify at trial.
	$\boxtimes$	The p	arties anticipate calling experts to testify at trial, and
		a.	Counsel agree to at least <u>identify</u> such experts, by name, address, and profession (i.e., without the full reports required by Rule 26(a)(2)), by March 1, 2025. <sup>5</sup>
		b.	Expert <u>reports</u> shall be served by May 1, 2025.6
		C.	Motions to exclude expert testimony on <i>Daubert</i> and related grounds will be filed by July 1, 2025.
3)	As to	deposi	tion testimony under Rules 30 and 45:
	a.		naximum number of depositions that may be taken by aintiffs as a group and the defendants as a group is 15.
	b.	All de	positions
			will be limited by Rule 30(d)(1).

<sup>4</sup> "Completed" means the discovery answers or responses to written discovery have been served. As such, written discovery must be served sufficiently in advance of the discovery completion deadline to afford the responding party the time permitted under the discovery rules to answer or respond.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> **Note**: The parties may choose to eliminate this expert identification step and propose only an expert disclosure deadline. The parties may agree on separate dates for the plaintiff(s) and the defendant(s).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Note: The parties may agree on separate dates for the plaintiff(s) and the defendant(s), and they may include rebuttal expert deadlines.

			will be limited by Rule 30(d)(1), except as follows:
	C.		positions, regardless of whether they are intended to be at trial, will be completed by <b>June 30, 2025</b> .
4)	Prote	ctive O	rder:
	$\boxtimes$	-	rties anticipate that a protective order will be needed to lete the exchange of discovery, and
			the parties hereby move the court to enter the court's standard protective order (see, <u>Civil Case Management</u> website page,
			□ with the court's standard Attorneys' Eyes Only provisions.
			☐ with the court's standard HIPAA language permitting release of Protected Health Information.
		$\boxtimes$	the parties hereby move the court to enter the proposed protective order attached to this report.
			the parties will jointly move, or a party will move for entry of a protective order, emailing a copy of the proposed protective order in Word format to the chambers of the magistrate judge assigned to the case. <sup>7</sup>
			ast one party believes a protective order will not be sary in this case.
5)	the <b>C</b> discus	ivil Ca ssing o	et and Privileged Information: The parties have reviewed se Management Practices, including those provisions discovery of Privileged Information, and they have whether certain categories of documents, are ly privileged.
		_	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> If a dispute exists over the need for a protective order, or the content of that order, the parties shall confer in good faith and if they cannot resolve the issue without court intervention, they shall schedule a conference call with the magistrate judge assigned to the case before engaging in written motion practice.

		The parties agree that the following categories of documents are presumptively privileged and need not be listed on a privilege log:				
		☐ The following documents:				
		Counsel have discussed the discovery of privileged information, but they have not agreed on what documents are presumptively privileged.				
		If the parties anticipate a possible dispute over Work Product and Privileged Information discovery, when completing <b>Section VII</b> below, indicate when a conference with the court may be useful to avert or resolve that dispute.				
6)	Electronically Stored Information (ESI): The parties have review the Civil Case Management Practices, including those providiscussing discovery of ESI and,					
		the parties do not anticipate a dispute over preservation, scope, and production of ESI.				
		the parties anticipate a dispute regarding the preservation, scope, and production of ESI.				
		If the parties anticipate a possible dispute over ESI, when completing <b>Section VII</b> below, indicate when a conference with the court may be useful to avert or resolve that dispute.				
7)	Other special discovery provisions agreed to by the parties include:					
Dispo	sitive I	Motions.				
		parties do not anticipate filing motions to dismiss, for judgment e pleadings, or for summary judgment as to any claims and/or uses.				

D.

- A party anticipates filing a motion to dismiss, and/or for judgment on the pleadings, and/or or for summary judgment
  - a. as to the following claims and/or defenses: Plaintiff's theory of recovery of Eighth Amendment Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983
  - b. such motions to be filed on or before September 12, 2025.

E.	ther matters to which the parties stipulate and/or which the court shoul	С
	now or consider:	

- F. This case will be ready for trial before the court by: December 2025
- G. The estimated length of trial is 5 days.

# VII. CONFERENCING WITH THE COURT:

A.	Initial	Case	Conference:
----	---------	------	-------------

- At least one party requests a conference with the court before the court enters a final case progression order for this lawsuit.
- All parties agree that the court may enter a final case progression order for this lawsuit without first conferring with the parties.

### B. Interim Status Conference:

- At least one party believes a court conference with the parties may be helpful (e.g., to assist with averting or resolving a dispute over written discovery, ESI, or privilege/work product discovery; following service of mandatory disclosures; after completing written discovery, etc.), and requests a conference be set in: (month/year).
- The parties do not currently anticipate that a court conference will assist with case progression, and they will contact the assigned magistrate judge to schedule a conference if a problem arises.

Reminder: By signing this document, counsel and any self-represented parties acknowledge that they have reviewed the Civil Case Management Practices, including those provisions discussing discovery of Electronically Stored Information and Privileged Information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> As to forfeiture actions, dispositive motions on any "claims and/or defenses" include any motions to suppress.

Dated: November 7, 2024.

/s/ Rodney C. Dahlquist, Jr.

Thomas J. Monaghan, #12874 Rodney C. Dahlquist, Jr., #23912 1403 Farnam Street, Suite 232 Omaha, NE 68102 402-884-7044

# /s/ Christopher A. Felts

Christopher A. Felts, #26784 Katharine L. Gatewood, #25238 Office of the Attorney General 2115 State Capitol Lincoln, NE 68509-8920 (402) 471-2683

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on November 7, 2024, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will send notification of such filing to the following: Christopher A. Felts and Katharine L. Gatewood, and I hereby certify that I have mailed by United States Postal Service the document to the following non CM/ECF participants: None

s/ Thomas J. Monaghan

(Rev. 6/11/2020)